



**DCJ-003-1016007**

Seat No. \_\_\_\_\_

**B. Sc. (Sem. VI) (CBCS) (W.E.F. 2016) Examination**

**July - 2022**

**Chemistry : C-602**

**(Organic Chemistry & Spectroscopy)**

**Faculty Code : 003**

**Subject Code : 1016007**

Time :  $2\frac{1}{2}$  Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) Total five questions, all are compulsory.  
(2) The figure to the right side indicates the marks of the sub-question.

- 1 (a) Give answer of following questions : 4  
(1) Write the structure of isoprene.  
(2) Citral is an ..... monoterpene.  
(3) Write structure of PETN  
(4) Mixture of PETN and TNT is known as .....  
(pentolites/ torpex)
- (b) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 2  
(1) How can detected .....  $\text{COCH}_3$  group in terpenoids ?  
(2) Give synthesis and use of musk keton.
- (c) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 3  
(1) Explain about parathion with synthesis and their uses.  
(2) Describe classification of terpenoids.
- (d) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 5  
(1) Explain constitution of citral.  
(2) Give synthesis and use of RDX.

- 2 (a) Give answer of following questions : 4
- (1) Amino acid reduced with  $\text{LiAlH}_4$  gives .....  
(B-amino alcohol/amine)
  - (2) Thyroxine contains .....element (iron/iodine)
  - (3) Define: amino acid.
  - (4) Glycine is chiral compound (true/ false)
- (b) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 2
- (1) Clarify essential and non essential amino acids.
  - (2) Give method of preparation of alpha amino acid by hydantion method.
- (c) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 3
- (1) Explain isoelectric point.
  - (2) Write any one synthesis of polypeptides.
- (d) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 5
- (1) Explain constitution of thyroxine.
  - (2) What is polypeptide ? Give synthesis of thyroxine.
- 3 (a) Give answer of following questions: 4
- (1) ..... conformer of Ethane is most stable.  
(Staggered /Eclipsed)
  - (2) By continuous reduction of Napthalene in the presence of  $\text{Ni}/\text{H}_2$  to form.....
  - (3) All carbon atoms in napthalene are .....  
( $\text{SP}^2/\text{SP}^3$ )
  - (4) Define: Molecular ion peak.
- (b) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 2
- (1) Explain Friedel-Craft alkylation and acylation of naphthalene.
  - (2) Explain any two uses of mass spectrometry.
- (c) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 3
- (1) Describe conformational analysis of Ethane.
  - (2) Explain: hydrogen transfer rearrangement in mass spectrometry with example.

- (d) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 5
- (1) Explain oxidation of reaction of naphthalene and anthracene.
  - (2) Discuss conformation of n-butane with energy diagram.
- 4 (a) Give answer of following questions: 4
- (1) Name any two solvents used for NMR spectroscopy.
  - (2) How many signals are obtained in NMR spectrum of acetone?
  - (3) Give number of signals for the compound  $\text{CH}_2\text{Br}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CBr}_2-\text{CH}_3$
  - (4) Define: Coupling constant (J)
- (b) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 2
- (1) Give number of signals and splitting for the compound 1-chloroethene
  - (2) Explain any two applications of NMR spectroscopy.
- (c) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 3
- (1) Why TMS is used as a reference standard in NMR spectroscopy?
  - (2) Explain: n+1 rule for multiplicity with examples.
- (d) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 5
- (1) Explain any three factors affecting chemical shift in NMR spectroscopy.
  - (2) (i) Explain number of signals and splitting for following compound:  
 $\text{Cl}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{CH}_2\text{COOH}$   
(ii) Assign the structure to a compound having following characteristics: M.F.  $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}$   
NMR:  $\delta$  1.05 SINGLET 9H,  $\delta$  2.3 SINGLET 3H,  $\delta$  7.2 COMPLEX 4H
- 5 (a) Give answer of following questions: 4
- (1) Give formula of DBE.
  - (2) Which information is obtained from IR spectra?
  - (3) How many NMR signals will be obtained for the compound p-Nitrophenol?
  - (4) Give structural formula for  $\text{C}_5\text{H}_8\text{Cl}_{14}$  which can give only ONE NMR signal.

- (b) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 2
- (1) Differentiate n-propyl benzene and isopropyl benzene using NMR spectra.
  - (2) Explain number of signals and splitting for following compound:  $\text{CH}_3\text{--O--CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{COOCH}_3$
- (c) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 3
- (1) Assign the structure to a compound having following characteristics :  $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$   $\delta$  2.5 SINGLET 3H,  $\delta$  3.9 SINGLET 3H,  $\delta$  7.83 COMPLEX 4H
  - (2) Assign the structure to a compound having following characteristics: M.F.  $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_2$  NMR (ppm):  $\delta$  10.3 SINGLET 1H,  $\delta$  1.1 SINGLET 9H
- (d) Give answer of following questions: (any one) 5
- (1) Assign the structure to a compound having following characteristics: M.F.  $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$   
IR ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ) : 3035, 2960, 2829, 1615, 1498, 1455, 1057, 1026, 743, 697  
NMR (ppm):  $\delta$  1.88 QUINTET 2H,  $\delta$  2.56 TRIPLET 2H,  $\delta$  2.75 TRIPLET 2H,  $\delta$  3.5 SINGLET 1H,  $\delta$  7.15 SINGLET 5H
  - (2) Assign the structure to a compound having following characteristics : M.F.  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{13}\text{Cl}$   
IR ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ): 3040, 2950, 2850, 1600, 1570, 1490, 1425, 1365, 1010, 690, 740, 600  
NMR (ppm):  $\delta$  1.5 SINGLET 6H,  $\delta$  3.07 SINGLET 2H,  $\delta$  7.1 COMPLEX 5H
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